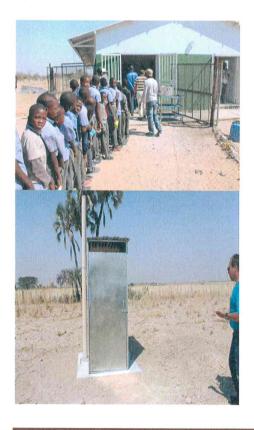




Omusati Regional Council's Strategic Plan 2017/2018 – 2021/2022







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Foreword

The Strategic Plan is a management tool that enables an organization to align its goals and improve performance. Omusati Regional Council Strategic Plan has been developed in line with the Government of the Republic of Namibia's aspirations as enshrined in Vision 2030, the National Development Plans, the SWAPO Party Election Manifesto and Harambee Prosperity Plan, among others. It therefore forms a critical link between the national High-Level Initiatives and the Council's Mandate.

Thus, through effective implementation of this Strategic Plan, we shall effectively and systematically tackle most developmental challenges facing the Council and thereby contributing significantly to the achievement of the National Development Goals, specifically in the areas of the Regional development.

Besides, the formulation of the Strategic Plan does not automatically culminate in the attainment of our desired development targets. Instead, there is a need to translate the Plan into concrete actions in order to achieve our Vision as a Council. Through established strategic initiatives, we need to systematically and competently translate this Document into tangible results. Thus, our Mission and Core Values are critical prerequisites in this regard for the purposes of establishing a sense of strategic direction and an organizational culture that promotes performance, while revitalizing the necessary visionary focus every day till we obtain our desired set goals.

Equally, we shall only succeed in our endeavors if we all commit and dedicate ourselves and direct resources towards this noble idea. This Plan belongs to all of us and its level of success will mainly depend on our utmost input and support.

Therefore, I would like to thank all who contributed individually or collectively in developing our Strategic Plan. We look forward to your continued support, cooperation and collaboration during the implementation of this Five-Years Strategic Plan.

Modestus Amutse

CHAIRPERSON

OMUSATI REGIONAL COUNCIL

Acknowledgement

The Regional Council is greatly indebted to all those, whose ideas and thought are embedded in this Strategic Plan.

In this regard, I would like to express my profound gratitude to all Stakeholders for their efforts and contributions during the formulation process and hope that the same vigor will prevail during the execution of the Strategic Plan. I take note that the process of formulating a Strategic Plan is indeed challenging and requires dedication and commitment from all Stakeholders. The Regional Council therefore expresses its profound appreciation and gratitude to the following stakeholders for their contributions in the formulation of this Strategic Plan:

The Office of the Prime Minister (OPM) through the Department of Management Services (DMS) for their commitment by availing expertise during the formulation of our Strategic Plan. Likewise, it is pleasing to learn that this team went an extra mile to ensure that the Strategic Plan captured all wishes and aspirations of all Stakeholders, both internal and external.

I will also fail in my duty if I don't recognize immerse contribution and support received from the Line Ministry and other Ministries, the Office of the Governor, Local Authorities and the Private Sector during the said process.

Equally, I would like to thank our Regional Councilors, Staff Members and particularly the Directorate of Planning and Development Services for their immense contributions and hard work in the formulation of this Strategic Plan. Thus, I am looking forward to a speedy translation of this Strategic Plan into action to enable the Regional Council achieve its Vision, thereby contributing meaningfully towards the attainment of the Vision 2030.

Amutenya Protasius Andowa

CHIEF REGIONAL OFFICER

OMUSATI REGIONAL COUNCIL

Abbreviations

BSC

Balance Scorecard

CACOC

Constituency AIDS Coordinating Committee

CBOs

Community Base organizations

CDC

Constituency Development Committee

CDRMC

Constituency Disaster Risk Management Committee

CLB

Communal Land Board

CSF

Critical Success Factor

DGS

Directorate of General Service

DPDS

Directorate of Planning and Development Services

HPP

Harambee Prosperity Plan

HR

Human Resources

HRDP

Human Resource Development Plan

HRP

Human Resource Plan

ICT

Information and Communication Technology

KPI

Key Performance Indicator

KRA

Key Result Area (in NDP5)

LA

Local Authority

LADC

Local Authority Development Committee

LMF

Logical Matrix Framework

MLR

Ministry of Land Reforms

MMF

Maintenance Management Framework

MURD:

Ministry of Urban and Rural Development

NCLAS Namibia Communal Land Administration System

NDPs National Development Plans 5

NGOs Non-Governmental Organization

NPC National Planning Commission

O/M/A Office/Ministry/Agency

OPM Office of the Prime Minister

ORC Omusati Regional Council

PA Performance Agreement

PI Performance Indicator

PM Project Management System

PMS Public Management System

PPP Private Public Partnership

RACOC Regional AIDS Coordinating Committee

RC Regional Council

RDCC Regional Development Coordinating Committee

SDC Settlement Development Committee

SFA Strategic Focus Area

SWOT Strengths/ Weakness/ Opportunity/ Threats

SWAPO South West Africa People's Organization

Technical Terms

Baseline – a time taken as a reference point

Benchmarking – a systematic, deliberate and thorough search for best practices that would lead to performance improvement when adapted into an organization. It is a systematic learning process to close the performance gap. It involves planning, data collection, analysis, design, implementation, monitoring and adjustment.

Core Values – represent ethical foundation that will determine Omusati Regional Council's strategic objectives as well the engagement of its customers and stakeholders.

Information System – interrelated components working together to collect, process, store and disseminate information to support decision making, coordination, control, analysis and visualization in an organization.

Initiatives – current and future activities, projects and programmes the organization is engaged in to help ensure it meets or exceed its performance targets. Initiatives drive strategic performance. Initiatives are not ends in themselves but a means by which the organization achieves its strategic objectives.

Knowledge Management – a systematic process of creating and leveraging organizational knowledge, involving discovery, codification, capturing, storage, sharing, dissemination and integration of new knowledge into an organization for improved viability, growth and value. It integrates people, processes and technology.

High Level Statements – setting out Omusati Regional Council's Mandate, Mission, Vision and Core Values.

Measures – measures and targets are regarded as part of objective. They are used by organizations to measure individual staff members, unit and overall organizational performance.

Mission – the mission statement defines the nature and core purpose of an organization and it is based on its mandate as expressed in specific legislation.

Objective – a specific (definable), concrete (measurable), short-term statement of a desired result, condition or accomplishment towards the achievement of strategic and management plans.

Outcome – the consequences, effect, impact and/or payoff(s) of achieving specific objectives/results, especially where direct effect is extremely difficult to measure.

Output – the service delivered or products produced on a shorter period.

Performance Indicators – these refer to objectives and not the initiative. Pls are agreed upon and measured in terms of cost, time, quality or quantity used to determine effective performance and achievement of the objective. Pls make objectives "SMART" – specific, measurable, achievable, and realistic and time-bound. Pls with their targets are used to assess achievement and indicates progress or the lack thereof towards achieving the objectives.

Performance Target – the target for each PI can be expresses in different units, for example, percentage, monetary value, number, frequency and date (sometimes referred to as time, cost, quality and quantity); the target is an agreed quantifiable performance level or change in level to be attainable by specific date and often based on benchmarking.

Project Management – the application of knowledge, skills, tools and techniques to project activities to meet or exceed stakeholder needs and expectations from a project.

Programme Management – a combination or grouping of related projects, together achieving a common objective or theme.

Strategy – strategy starts with the present and moves an organization to the future. Strategy asks three questions: "Where are we now?" (By analyzing our internal and external environment); "Where do we want to go?" (Where is our preferred destination in say 5 years?); "How do we want to get there?" (Our road map). Strategy represents the board priorities adopted by organization in of its operating environment and in pursuit of its mission.

Strategic Focus Area – a priority or focus area, a theme, a high-level objective or cluster of related objectives, sometimes called a goal. Typically, strategic focus areas are formed around broad service areas.

Strategic Plan – the document capturing the strategic critical issues and strategies towards attaining the organizational purpose and direction as developed by an organization. In other words, strategic planning is a process through which an organization determines its strategic direction by setting clear objectives, including high level statements (vision mission and core values) on a long-term basis.

Structure – the systematic grouping and coordination of a variety of functions, tasks, hierarchies and resources (human, physical, financial and information) through an analysis of work required- in a way that all management, supervisor and staff members have clear understanding of their duties and how they work effectively together towards the organizational vision, mission and objectives.

Targets – a target is a quantifiable standard for each measure. It must be challenging and be raised over a period of time but to remain challenge.

Value – values determine the way things get done in an organization. Values are timeless guiding principle, deeply held beliefs within an organization and demonstrated through *day-to-day* behaviors of all employees. An organization's value makes an open proclamation about how it expects everyone to behave.

Vision – the vision is the attractive and desirable picture of the future of an organization, in say 5 or 10 years' time, in terms of its likely physical appearance, location, size, image, products/services/activities, customers, processes, performance, staffing, capacities, etc. while the vision translates mission into something meaningful.

Executive Summary

The Strategic Plan of Omusati Regional Council serves as a management and implementation tool of the Regional Council which aims to at strategically directing, monitoring and evaluating its overall performance. The formulation of this Strategic Plan is part of the Public Service Reform Initiative's (PSRI) Performance Management System (PMS). This Strategic Plan incorporates the need to create and nurture an enabling environment for the establishment of the desired and sustainable Sub-National Government systems that will, among others, accelerate the socioeconomic development in the country.

Omusati Regional Council initiated the formulation of its Strategic Plan by engaging its stakeholders in the formulation of the high-level statements and conducting situation analysis which informed the formulation of strategic themes, strategic objectives and key performance indicators.

The structure of the Strategic Plan comprises of four components. The first component sets out the introduction and background to the strategic planning process, whereas the second part outlines the high-level statements of Omusati Regional Council, namely its Mandate, Mission and Vision Statements and the Core Values. The third component outlines the key strategic issues facing Omusati Regional Council whereas the fourth component indicates the strategic framework matrix which was carefully selected to offset the potential effects of the current challenges

1. Introduction

1.1 Introduction and Background

The Government of the Republic of Namibia, through the Office of the Prime Minister has directed all O/M/As and Regional Councils to formulate their Strategic Plans which must be done in line with the NDP5 and the HPP. This is to integrate development planning between Central, Regional and Local Authorities in the Republic of Namibia. The purpose of this planning is to foster operational efficiency in the Public Service System and ensure improvement in service delivery to its stakeholders. By planning in this manner, ORC will effectively achieve its goals as enshrined in the Vision 2030 and other National Plans.

The Strategic Planning has become a mandatory tool in the public service in the Republic of Namibia that forms a coalition of the Government Institutions' Plans to the high-level initiatives of the Government and thereby hence strengthening decentralization. The Strategic Planning is one of the prerequisites for successful implementation of the Performance Management System and the Public Reform Initiative.

In conformity with the above statement and in keeping with the Performance Management Policy for the Public Service in Namibia effective, Omusati Regional Council has formulated the Five Years Strategic Plan, covering the Period 2017/18 to 2021/22. The process of developing a Strategic Plan of the Council was done in collaboration with all its stakeholders. The high-level statements and objectives were informed by the Government's high-level initiatives i: Vision 2030, the National Development Plans, the SWAPO Party Election Manifesto and Harambee Prosperity Plan, to mention but a few.

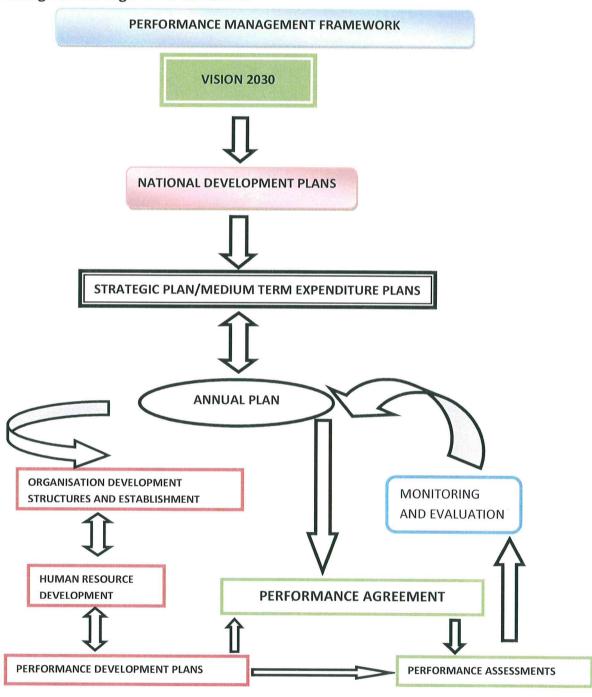
In cascading this Corporate Plan, OPM ushered in a management action planning framework that has enabled ORC to allocate various objectives to accountable units in order to to execute this strategy.

1.2 Purpose of the Strategic Plan

The purpose of the Strategic Plans is to use the organization's strength with view to put it in the best possible position to fulfill its Mandate in a vibrant environment. The Strategic Plan serves both as a management tool and guideline to the Council's Leadership, Management and Operational Staff in their thrust to execute the Council's mission. Strategic planning clarifies relationship, promotes understanding of established objectives and assigns specific responsibility, tasks and time schedule necessary for the achievement of the desired outcomes.

Therefore, this is a guiding document used to communicate organizational goals and actions needed to achieve such goals. As the basis upon which the Strategic Planning was fastened, the LMF used will serve to enhance Council's operations in a coordinated way that will ultimately translate its strategy into operational objectives. The Strategic Plan has been developed bearing all the above in mind, through using the PMS Methodology.

1.3 Linkage to the High-Level Initiatives



2. High Level Statements

The High-Level Statements of Omusati Regional Council namely the Mandate, the Vision, the Mission and the Core Values are derived from the Constitution of the Republic of Namibia under the Regional Councils Act, Act No. 22 of 1992 as amended. Its time frame starts from 2017-2022.

2.1 The Mandate

The Mandate specifies the core functions and responsibilities of Omusati Regional Council.

MANDATE

According to the Constitution of the Republic of Namibia and the Regional Councils Act, Act No.22 of 1992 as amended. The mandate of Omusati Regional Council is to govern and plan the social, economic, physical and infrastructural development and to improve the living conditions of the inhabitants of the Region in a sustainable manner.

2.2 Vision

The Vision of ORC articulates its desirable picture that the Council wishes to accomplish and become in Five Years through the implementation of this Strategic Plan. In addition, the Vision of ORC is meant to resonate with all its Political Leadership, Management and staff Members, making them feel proud to be associated with the services of the Council. This will enable the Council to translate its Mission into meaningful results using the Vision cited below:

VISION

A model of integrated regional development that is socially stable and economically advanced.

2.3 Mission

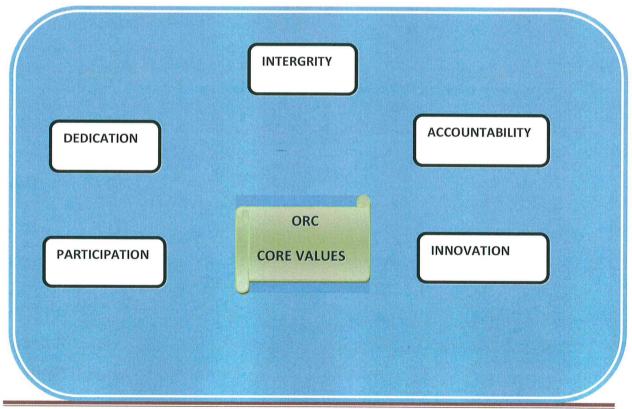
The Mission Statement of ORC defines and justifies the purpose or the reason for the existence of the Council in a clear and definite manner.

MISSION

Omusati Regional Council is dedicated to plan, facilitate, coordinate and implement integrated and sustainable regional development and provide quality services in collaboration with all its stakeholders to improve the living standards for all in the region.

2.4 Core Values

The Core Values of ORC reflect qualities that the Council consider worth and served as timeless guiding principles and beliefs institutionalized by its staff members through *day-to-day* behaviors in the delivery of public services. Through its Core Values, the Council defines how it wants its employees to interact with each other's within the organization and how in turn it will value its customers, suppliers and internal community. The Council's Core Values are listed below.



Our Core Values

What we mean

Striving to consistently do what one says, with honesty and openness, keep promises, being reliable, adhering to high moral standards and principles.

Always being responsible and answerable for results and accepting consequences of our action.

Proactively finding a new way of doing things for relevant issues, challenging the status quo.

Taking part and involving our stakeholders to give suggestions, advice and share ideas in planning and implementation.

Meeting deadlines, consistently working to quality standards and working with a sense of willingness or being committed to doing more

3. Environment Scanning (Situation Analysis)

3.1 **SWOT Analysis**

Strengths	Weakness
Supportive Legal and Policy Framework	Misalignment between the Mandate and existing organizational structures
Dedicated and competent human resource base/ workforce	Out-dated and sometimes conflicting Legal Instruments and roles
Budgetary allocations	Inadequate financial resources
Well established and functional institutions at sub-national level	Shortage of critical technical skills (i.e. Engineers) cumbersome Town and Regional Planning processes
Political will, support and intellectual capacity	Inadequate data and information management systems to guide effective planning and execution
Sound Leadership	 Inadequate planning, coordination, communication, implementation, monitoring and evaluation capacity
 Availability of work-enhancing ICT systems and equipment 	Dilapidated / aging existing infrastructure (water, sewerage, road and electricity) in RCs / Las
 Good stakeholder relations 	

Opportunities	Threats
 Globalization and international relations 	Low economic growth
 Existence of Institutions of Vocational and Tertiary Education for development of required skills 	Climatic change
 Availability of enabling infrastructure (ICT, transport and utilities) 	Technological changes
 Clear political and policy direction (NDP5, HPP and Vision 2030) 	High rate of rural/urban migration
 Public—Private and Public—Public Partnerships (PPPs) to cover gaps (skills and financing) 	HIV and AIDS
 Resources and capacities at community level 	High input cost of land servicing and housing
Political will and support	Conflicts (land and wildlife)
 Globalization and international relations 	Social cohesion issues (corruption, tribalism)
Availability of safe animal products	Social evils (alcohol and drugs abuse)
• Tourism	Resistance by communities to accept compensation
	Lack of consistent water resources for i.e, Etaka- Uuvudhiya canal, earth dams and rural water supply

4. Key Strategic Issues

Strategic issues listed below serve as key challenges to ORC. To articulate their significance to the key focus area of ORC over the next five years, they are clustered here around themes.

Strategic Objectives	`	Key Strategic Issues

Strengthen Socio-Economic Financial constraints

Development High poverty rate

Lack of economic opportunity in rural area Lack of proper infrastructure in rural area

Enhance PPP Poor stakeholders' partnership

Financial constraints

Lack of understanding of the PPP Bill at Regional

Authority

Improve Sanitation Financial constraints

High poverty rate

Lack of knowledge and understanding of the impact of sanitation on the public health

Mitigate HIV impact High poverty rate

Low level of Civic education Culture belief or practice

Lack of funding

Improve performance and

service delivery

Low rate of the PMS implementation

Inadequate human resources

Inadequate competency requirements

Financial constraints

Poor attendance of integrated Regional Meetings

i.e. RDCC, RDRMC etc.

Late transfer of funds to implement approved

projects

Enhance good governance

and accountability

High debt level

Poor record management

Poor budget execution rate

Low revenue collection

Slow implementation of plan

Ensure free flow and access

to information

Inadequate staff component

Insufficient budget

Outdated Audio-Visual equipment

Poor ICT service in rural area

Uneven access to electricity and high unit cost for

rolling out ICT infrastructure

Availability and access to telecommunication

services in rural area

Ensure sustainable utilization

of land resources

Low revenue collection

Lack of funding

Lack of understanding of the resettlement policies

Low Communal land rights registered

Illegal fencing off communal land

5. Strategic Pillars and Strategic Objectives

Pillars

Strategic Objective



6. LOGICAL FRAMEWORK MATRIX

	Responsible Unit	Developme	nt Planning	Rural	
Budget	Developme ntal			3,000,000.0	
Bl	Operatio nal				
	Project	Capital Projects		Food/Ca sh for Work	
	Program	Socio Economi	Develop ment	Rural Develop ment	
	Y5 (2021/ 22)	150	30	12	
ets	Y4 (2020 /21)	150	30	12	
Targets	Y3 (201 9/20	150	30	12	
	Y2 (20 18/ 19)	100	30	12	
	Y1 (20 17/ 18)	20	20	. 12	
	Bas elin e	209	140	24	
	Indicator Type	Absolute	Absolute	Absolute	
	Indicator	Jobs created through implemented Capital Projects	SME supported through implemented Capital Projects	Projects funded through Food/ Cash for Work initiative	
Key	Performa nce Indicator (KPI)	# of jobs created	# of SME supported	# of projects supported	
Strategi	c Objecti ve	Strengt hening socio- econom ic develop ment			
Pillars /Them es			Econo mic Progre ssion		
NDP5 Desired Outcome		By 2022,	quality of life and socio- economi c well-	has improve d with poverty and unemplo yment reduced	

	Rural	od Vices		
1,400,000.0	1,700,000.0			
1,	1,70	1,000,000.0	8.500 00.5	15,000,000.
Food Security and Nutrition	Rural Employ ment Scheme	Support to poor rural farmers	0.00	
	Fi - So		Micro	One Region One Initiative
		Rural Develop ment		
12	12	36	24	%
12	12	36		100%
12	12	36	24 24	70%
2 12	12	36	24 2.	50%
15 12	12	30	24	5% 15%
Absolute	te 12	35	47	% 86
	Absolute	Absolute	Absolute	Increme
Household Supported by the Food Security and Nutrition programme	Projects Supported by Rural Employment Scheme	Farmers Supported by the Poor Rural Farmers Scheme	SME supported by Micro Finance	Percentage Progress made With the Implementatio n of OROI
# of household s s Supported	# of projects Supported	# of poor rural farmers Supported \$ \$	0 > -	progress made per with the progress implemen with tation of implementhe project phases
	Strengt hening socio- econom ic	develop ment	S SL	.= ,-
	Ψ	ssion d		Strengt
BV 2022	i s d ii	8 9 C > 0	yment reduced	Econo
		5 7	2	

Rural		Developme nt Planning	
20,000,000.			
	64,000.0		
Rural Develop ment Centre	Regional	Planning	Coordina tion of housing provision
Rural Develop ment	Integrate d	develop ment planning	updating of database
%0%	4	100%	100%
40%	4	100%	100%
30%	4	100 %	100 %
10%	4	100	100 %
0	4	100	100 %
2%	4	100 %	100 %
Increme ntal	Absolute	Increme ntal	Increme
percentage progress made with the implementatio n of RDC	Number of integrated plans held for all the sectors	Approved Capital Projects implemented	update of allocated ervens Database
% progress made with the implemen tation of the project	# of integrated Regional Plans for all sectors	% of approved projects implemen ted	% progress made with the developm ent of database
hening socio- econom ic develop ment ment lmprov e regiona l perfor mance, service delivery and develop			develop ment plannin g
mic Progre ssion ve Gover nance (HPP)			-
By 2022, the rural quality of life and socio-economic well-being has improved with poverty and unemploy ment reduced By 2022, Namibia is characte rized by an effective and efficient Public service delivery			service delivery

Developme nt Planning					
42,000,000.	2,000,000.0	5,000,000.0			
Construc tion of services infrastru cture	Build Together	Rural Housing			
Infrastru cture Develop ment		Provision of housing			
и	ω	7			
ľ	т	7			
ľ	3	2			
LO LO	9	7			
4	20	0			
35	11	7			
Absolute	Absolute	Absolute			
Construction of services infrastructure (water, sewer, electricity & roads)	provision of affordable houses under Build Together Programme	Construct employees' accommodatio n at constituencies			
# of new infrastruct ure developed	# of houses construct ed under Rural Housing	# of houses construct ed under Rural Housing			
Enhanc e Regiona infrastr ucture develop ment		Ensure provisio n of afforda ble housing			
Social	on				
By 2022, Namibia n househol ds live in improvis ed houses will reduced significa ntly					

Rural	Developme nt Planning	Developme nt Planning	
7,000,000.0	3,000,000.0		
		400,000.	
Rural sanitatio n	Economi c Planning		
Rural Water Supply and Sanitatio n	Socio Economi c Develop ment	Commun ity Health	
230	1	49	
230	←	49	
230	-1	Q 4	
230	1	49	
150	0	64	
250	0	249	
Absolute	Absolute	Absolute	
Toilet constructed under Rural Sanitation Programme HPP	implemented to provide land servicing and infrastructure construction (Roads, Water, Sewer, Houses)	HIV/AIDS Initiative carried out	
# of sanitation infrastruct ure construct ed	# of Public Private Partnershi p agreemen ts signed and Implemen ted	# of session conducte d	
Promot e coordin ated investm ent on sanitati on infrastr ucture	Enhanc e Public private Partner ships	Increas e in those seeking biomed ical interve ntion (MMC, MCP, HCT, Condo ms and	
Social Transf ormati on	Social Transf ormati on	Social Transf ormati on	
By 2022 access to improve d sanitatio n in rural area must increase significa ntly	By 2022, Namibia n househol d living in improvis ed houses will be decrease d significa ntly	More people have compreh ensive knowled ge of HIV	

	Developme nt Planning	Developme nt Planning	DP-works & Line Ministries	DP-works & Line Ministries
	1,500,00	742,400.	21,545,6	5,000,00
			Infrastru ctures mainten ance	Technica I Advice to line
	Commun ity Health	Commun ity Health	Mainten ance and Rehabilit ation	Provision of technical
- d	Ŋ	100	06	100
	.C	100	85	100
	и	100	08	100
	r	100	09	100
	rv	100	20	100
	ľ	52	70	100
	Absolute	Absolute	Increme ntal	Increme ntal
	Total HIV/AIDS initiatives supported	The total number of HIV/AIDS support meeting held	Rehabilitate and maintain existing Infrastructure	Provide Technical
	# of Projects/i nitiative supported	# of RACOC, CACOC and Support Group Forums Meetings Conducte d	% of infrastruct ure maintaine d and rehabilitat ed	% of O/M/A provided
special and friendly Progra	Strengthen hen Capacity of members of vulnerable househ	strengt hen the capacit y for coordin ation and manage	Ensure proper mainte nance and rehabili tation of govern ment infrastr uctures	Provide technic al
	Social Transf ormati on	Social Transf ormati on	Econo mic Progre ssion	Econo mic Progre
	More vulnerab le househol d can economi cally cope with the impact of HIV	Effective and efficient HIV and AIDS response managem ent		

	Human resources	Human Resources	Administrati on/ Human Resources
	400,000.	1,250,00	100,000.
ministrie s	Perform ance Manage ment (PMS, BPR,	Employe e Wellness	HR Manage ment
advise		Perform ance Improve ment	
	100	95	95
	100	85	85
	100	75	80
	100	65	70
	100	45	09
	100	0	0
	Absolute	Increme	Increme ntal
advice to all stakeholders	The execution of all yearly targets through each Annual Plan, with the aim to achieve the overall implementatio n of the Strategic Plan.	The satisfaction of staff members in terms of Organizational leadership, working environment and staff well-being.	The perception of citizens in terms of service delivery
with technical advice according to Maintena nce Managem ent Framewor k (MMF)	% of overall strategy execution	% staff satisfactio n	% customer satisfactio n
advise to user ministri es on upgradi ng, renovat ion and minor new	Enhanc e Organiz ational Perfor mance		
ssion	THEM E: OPERA TIONA L EXCEL LENCE		
	By 2022, Namibia has improve d service delivery to the satisfacti on of citizens		

Administrat ion/ Human resources	Administrat ion/ Human Resources	Finance and Administrati on			
100,000.	250,000.		180,000.		
HR Develop ment	ICT Infrastru cture	Capital Projects	Auxiliary Services	Financial Manage ment &	Audit Service
		Administ ration			
 L	100		100		
Н	100		100		
	06	100			
11	80	100			
∞	70	100			
0	09		100		
Increme	Increme		Absolute [-]		
Business processes that has an impact on customers and stakeholders' needs, re- engineered and implemented (e.g.)				all OAG requirements	
% of key processes streamlin ed % of key services accessed online online to OAG statutory requireme nts				requireme nts	
Enhanc e Organiz ational Perfor mance					
THEM E: OPERA TIONA L EXCEL LENCE					
By 2022, Namibia has improve d service delivery to the satisfacti on of citizens					

MICT	MICT	
365,000.00		
10,000.0	37,600.0	
Construc tion and Capacita ting of ICT Centres	Publishin g and translati on of GRN informati on, GRN campaig ns and commun ity media support	
ICT Develop ment	Print Media	
06	100	
08	06	
70	08	
09	70	
20	09	
42%		
Increme	Increme ntal	
Measuring the percentage of the rural population covered by broadband services in the region	The indicator measures the percentage of GRN/ Public information accessed via print (including braille), online, video, audio, and campaign media	
% of rural communit y y populatio n covered by broadban d services / Network Towers	% of GRN informati on accessed by rural communit y	
Acceler ate ICT develop ment, access and use for an inclusiv e ICT commu	Enhanc e unhind ered access to informa tion for an informe d rural commu	
Econo mic Progre ssion	Econo mic Progre ssion	
By 2022, Namibia has universal access to informat ion, affordabl	commun ication and technolo gy infrastru cture and services	

Lands Omusati	Lands Omusati	Lands Omusati
1,600,000.0		
	75,000.0	1,750,00
2. Land allocatio n.	4. Land Manage ment and Administ ration	
1. Land Reform		,
4	95%	4
4	%26	4
4	%06	4
4	80%	4
4	70%	4
13	%09	ιΛ
Absolute	Increme	Absolute
Submissions from Land Reform Advisory Commission Committees submitted to Land Reform Advisory Commission	Measuring the Percentage of lease amount collected from the amount collectable on Communal lease hold rights.	Quarterly Land Board reports produced for the finalization of Annual Communal Land Boards Report
# of Submissio n produced by Regional Resettlem ent Committe e	% of revenue collected from signed leases (Amount N\$)	No of Communa Land Board quarterly reports produced by CLBs
Ensure sustain able utilizati on of land resourc es.		
Social Transf ormati		
By 2022, the proporti on of food insecure individua Is has dropped to 12% from 25% in 2016 and food producti on has increase d by 30%cum ulatively over the NDP5 period.		

Lands Omusati	Lands Omusati	Lands Omusati	
1,250,000.0			
1,400,00		2,500,00	
	5. Registrat ion of real rights		
	2. Security of tenure		
3,500.0	95%	2	
3,500.	92%	2	
5,01	%06	2	
5,01	85%	2	
5,01	70%	2	
25,0 91.0 0 65%		б	
Absolute	Increme ntal	Absolute	
Communal Land Rights and Leasehold rights registered in Communal Areas by Government	Namibia Communal Land Administration System is functional and all anomaly are removed	Alleged illegal fences are investigated and removed in Communal areas	
No of Communa I land right registered	% increase in NCLAS functional ity	No of Illegal fences removed	
Ensure Security of Tenure			
Social Transf ormati on			
By 2022, the proporti on of food insecure individua Is has dropped to 12% from 2016 and food producti on has increase d by 30%cum ulatively over the NDP5 period.			

Lands Omusati	Lands Omusati	Lands Omusati	
500,000,00		1,500,000.0	109,815,00 0.00
, 52			37,880,6 79.00
5. Land Manage ment and Administ ration	7. Develop ment of commun al areas	6. Land Manage ment and Administ ration	
1. Land Reform	2. Security of tenure	1. Land Reform	
100%	100%	100%	
100%	100%	100%	
100 %	100 %	100 %	
100 %	100	100 %	
100 %	100 %	100 %	
0	100 %	%0	
Absolute	Increme	Increme ntal	
The valuation services executed out of valuation services requested and reports produced and forwarded to Head Quarter for finalization	Facilitate the infrastructure development in Communal Areas (PCLD Areas)	Monitoring whether the land uses at Regional level are in conformity with Integrated Land Use Plans	
% of valuation requests executed and reports produced	% increase towards infrastruct ure developm ent in communa	% complianc e monitorin g reports of IRLUPs by regional	
Ensure implem entatio n and monitor ing of Land Reform Progra	in the Regions	Ensure sustain able utilizati on of land resourc es.	
Social Transf ormati on		Enviro nment al Sustai nabilit y	
By 2022, the proporti on of food insecure individua Is has dropped to 12% from 25% in 2016 and food	producti on has increase d by 30%cum ulatively over the NDP5	By 2022, Namibia is sustaina bly managin g her natural resource s.	

7. Critical Success Factors

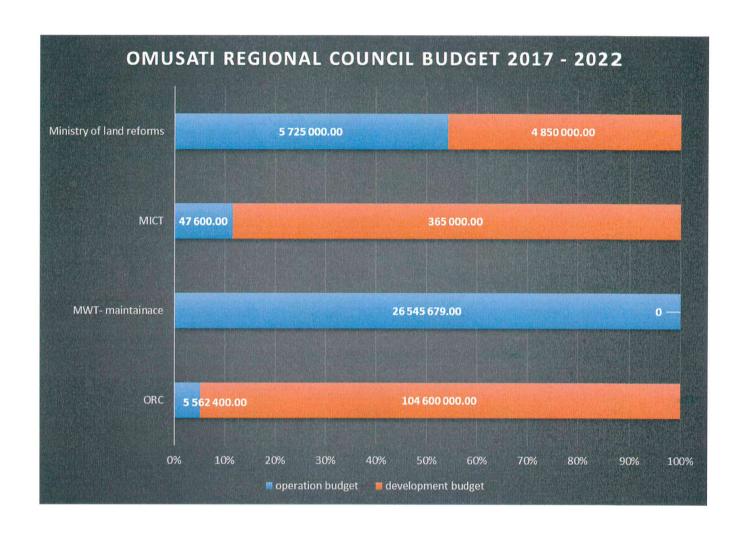
Before the implementation of the Plan, it was necessary for Omusati Regional Council to develop the CSFs. CSFs point out the main issues that focus the organization's Mission and for which solutions it will be held accountable by its shareholders. Upon the development of the CSFs, it is important to identify the critical strategic issues and for which timely resolutions are critical for the continued health and acceptability of the Organization.

To make sure that Omusati regional Council successfully implements its Five Years Strategic Plan or Balance Scorecard, the CSFs must be implemented, and they should be regular considered.

- 1. Translate the Strategic Plan into action plans: Regular **reporting** (preferably monthly) of the divisions performance.
- 2. Resource sufficiency and efficiency: Sufficient **budget** to support the identified strategic initiatives and which are **linked** to the Strategic Plan.
- 3. Strategic thinking and leadership commitment: Effective and efficient **communication** of the Strategic Plan and BSC to all stakeholders.
- 4. It is everyone business: Integrate the Strategic Plan in the **agenda** of every **Management Meeting**.
- 5. Regular monitoring and evaluation: Continuous verification of the alignment between the Performance Agreements, Directorate Scorecards and the Council BSC.
- 6. Living the values: Dedication and passionate **staff and time** for the capturing and updating the Council and scorecards.

8. Strategic Budget of Omusati Regional Council

The total strategic budget of Omusati Regional Council over the period of five years (2017 - 2022) will amount to **N\$147,695,679.00**. This estimated figure is for the Regional Council and the Ministries that are delegated to the Region i.e. Ministries of Land Reform, Works and Transport (Maintenance) and Information and Communication Technology. It implies that the realistic implementation of these Programmes/ Projects will take place through the co-production and symbiosis of service at the Sub-national level.



APPENDIX

9. Stakeholder Analysis

Stakeholders	What ORC Expect from Stakeholders	What Stakeholders Expect from the ORC
 Local Authorities Traditional Authorities O/M/A's in the Region Political Parties 	 Support Financial, human and equipment Mentorship Policy and technical guidance Information sharing 	 Provide necessary support Ensure Policy Formulation and awareness Exhibit good governance Cooperation through joint planning ensure implementation of the National Agenda and Ruling Party Manifesto
 MURD NPC Auditor General 	 Involvement in planning and provision of useful planning information Cooperation and coordination in developmental projects Information sharing Financial assistance Policy guidance and harmonization Budget subsidy allocation 	 Well defined plans Adhere to and implement the national Plans Sound project management & implementation Regular Progress reports Audited reports Meeting financial obligations Quality assurance, accountability Cooperation through joint planning

 Public Local Investors 	 Share information Participation in Regional event Involvement in the planning of certain projects within the Region Public Private Partnerships (PPPs) Commitment 	 Ensure timely payments for services rendered Conduct awareness campaigns and community mobilization Exhibit good governance Information on proper bid procedures and service delivery Ensure equitable redistribution of land Income Generating Activities Construction of basic services/infrastructure Conducive business environment
Staff Members	 Effective feedback through communication Motivation Job security Common understanding Capacity building Good working environment 	 Two-way communication Clear job descriptions Remuneration Performance incentives Performance appraisals Good working environment Training needs analyses Actual training programs